

Social Event Scheduling

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Introduction

- > **Events' Organizers**
event planning companies, EBSN users, organizations
- > **Social Events**
festivals, conferences, promotion parties, fashion shows
- > **Social Event Success**
"attendance" is the most common metric used to capture the success of social events
- > **Challenge**
Determine the date/time for each event so that the overall attendance is maximized

The event scheduling process needs to consider:
user preferences & habits, events' spatiotemporal conflicts and competing events

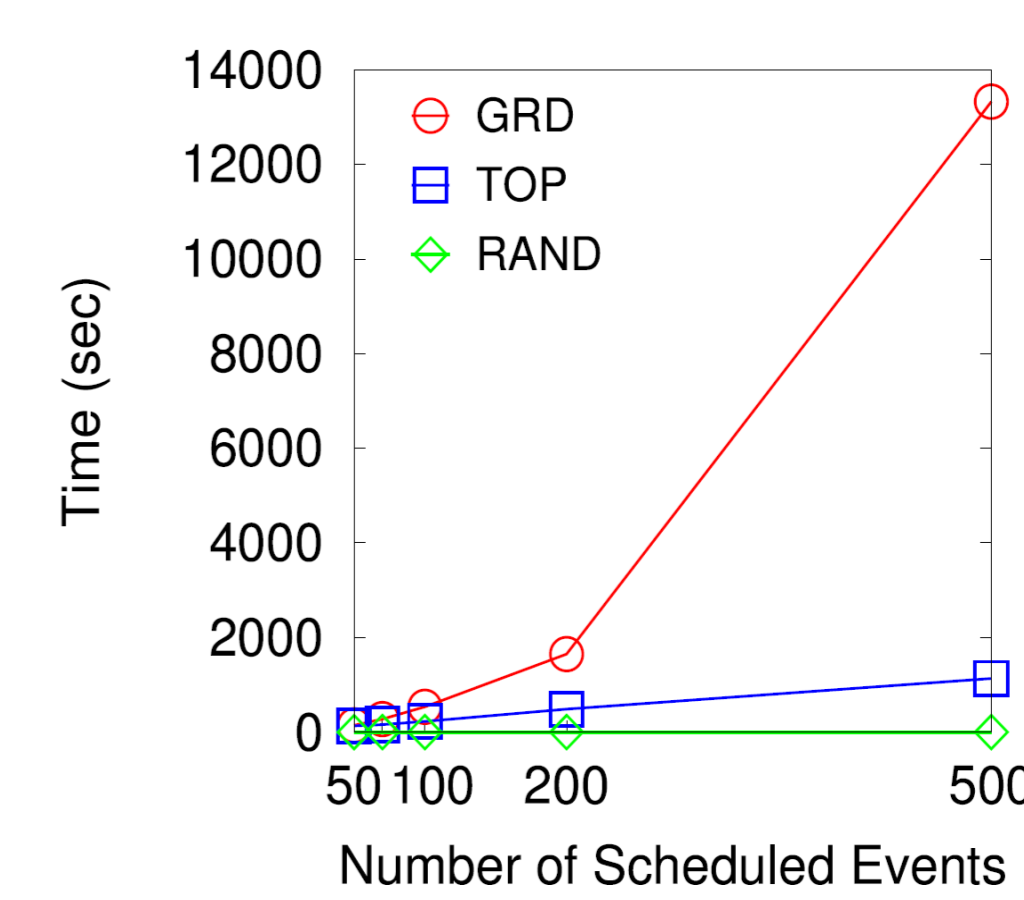
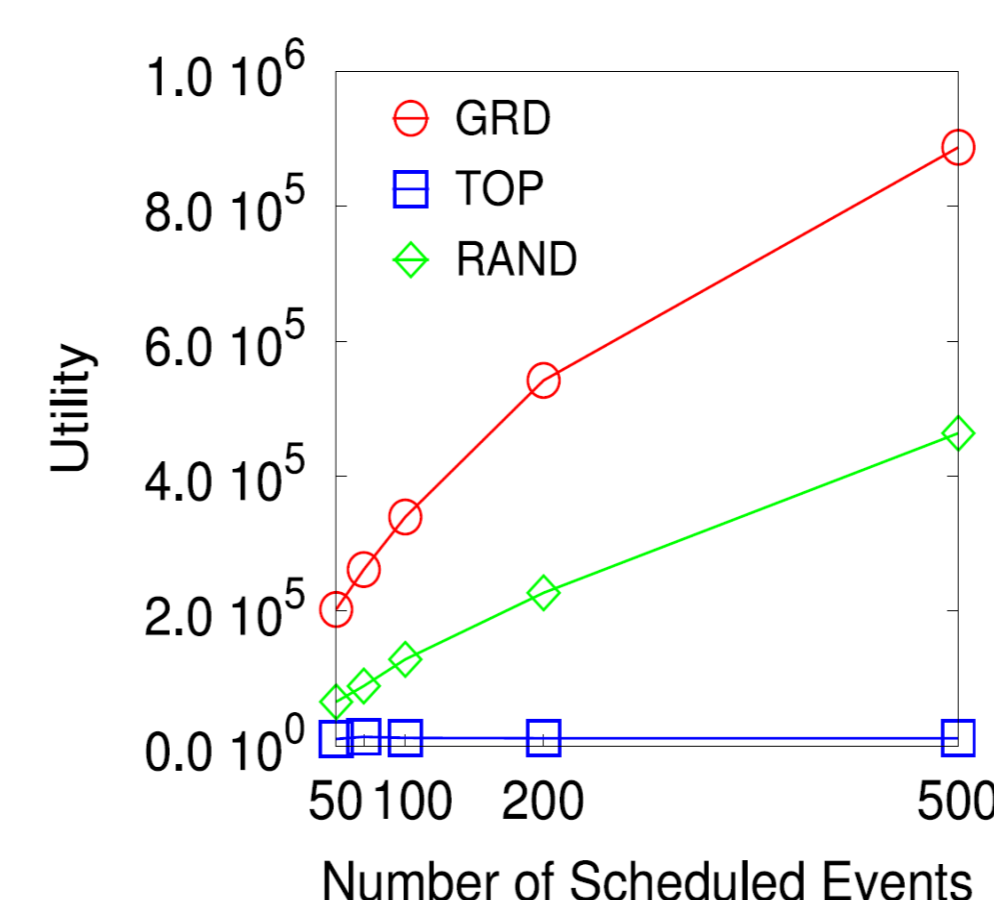
A Greedy Solution

1. Compute the scores for each time-to-event assignment α_t^e
The score of an assignment α_t^e is the gain in the attendance if e is scheduled to take place at t
2. At each step, select the assignment with the largest score
3. After assignment selection, a subset of the assignment's scores is updated

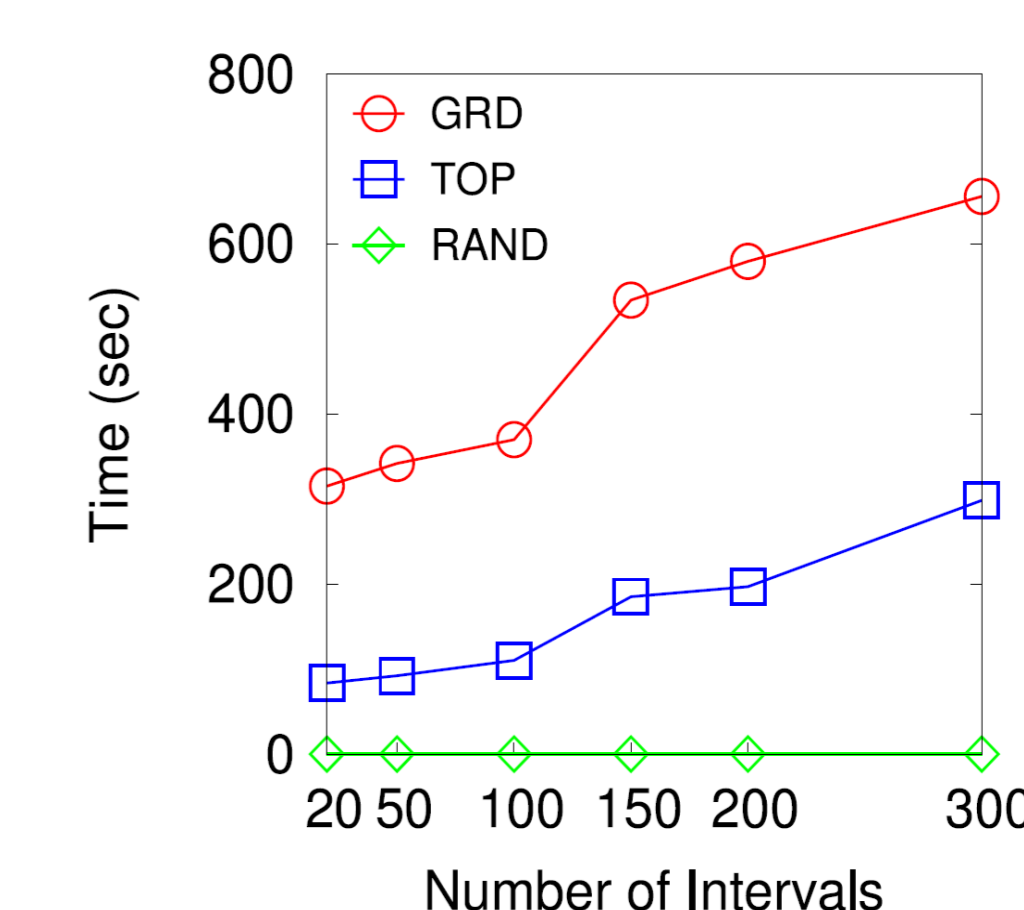
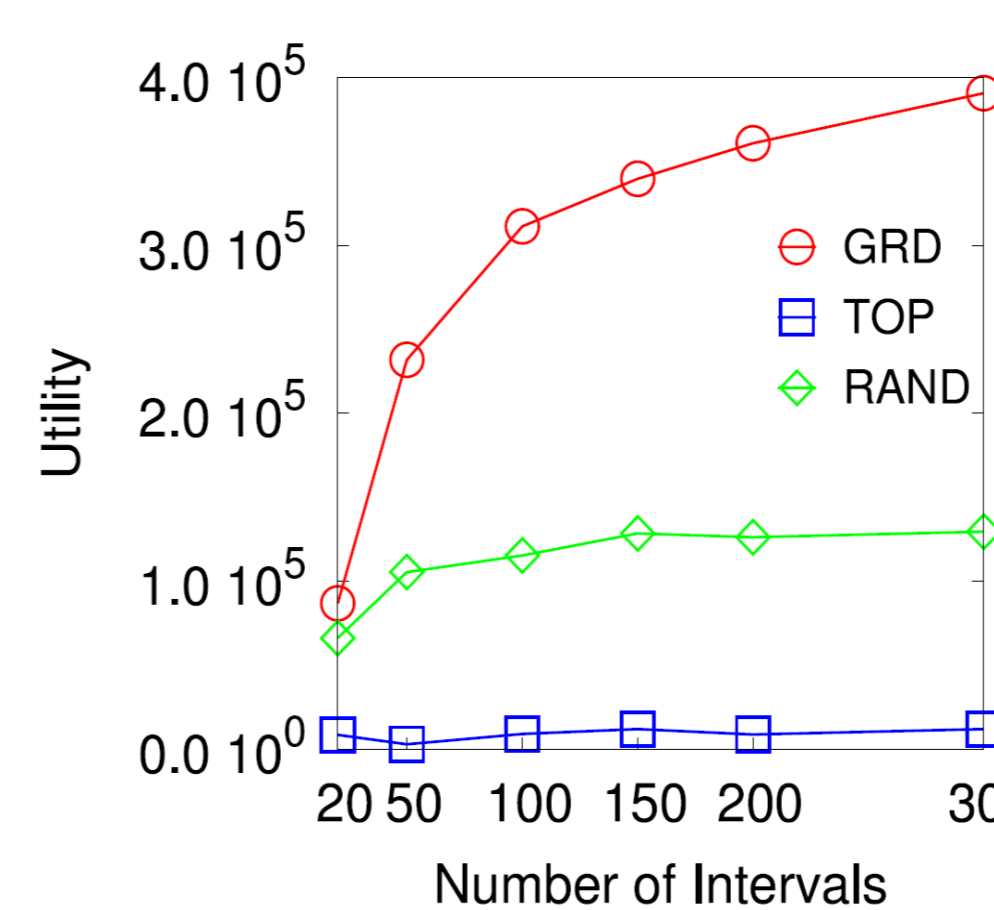
The assignment's score is defined w.r.t. the events assigned in the assignment's interval. Hence, when an assignment α_t^e is selected, then the scores of the assignments referring to interval t need to be updated.

Experimental Analysis

- > **Data**
California Meetup Dataset
42K Users & 16K Events
- > **Parameters**
 - > #scheduled events (κ): 50 ~ 500 [default: 100]
 - > #candidate events: 200
 - > #time intervals: $\kappa/5 \sim 3\kappa$ [default: $3\kappa/2$]
- > **Baselines**
 - > RAND: Random assignments selection
 - > TOP: top-k assignments selection
- > **Varying the number of scheduled events**



> Varying the number of time intervals



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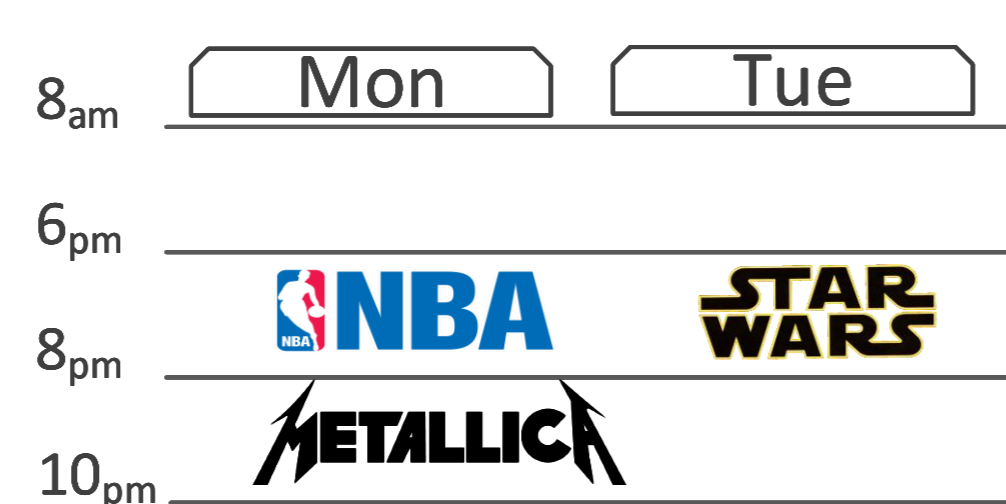
Motivating Example

Task: Schedule a Rock concert

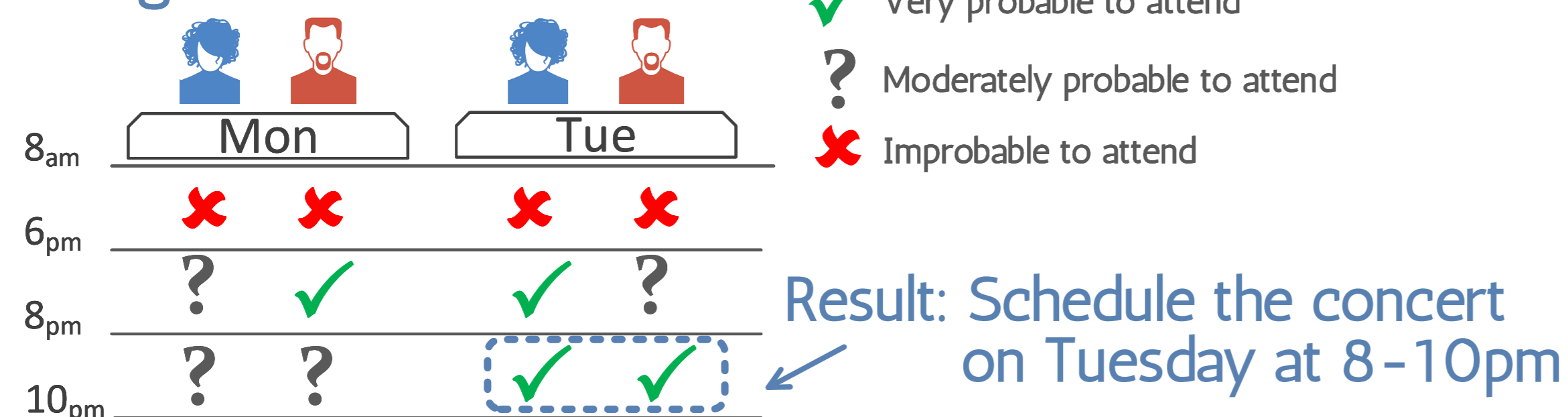
Users preferences & habits

- > Basket
> Rock music
> office: 9am-5pm
- > Sci-fi movies
> Rock music
> office: 9am-5pm

Intervals & Competing events



Assignments & Attendance



Social Event Scheduling Problem

- > **Problem Definition**
Social Event Scheduling Problem (SES):
given an integer κ , and a set of: candidate events; time intervals; users; and competing events
- > **Question:** How to assign κ events on the time intervals, so that the total event participation is maximized?
- > **Problem Input**
 - > κ the number of events to be scheduled
 - > Organizer (available resources)
 - > Candidate Events (location, required resources)
 - > Time intervals
 - > Users (preferences over events, social activity probabilities over time intervals)
 - > Competing events (scheduled time interval)
- > **Problem Hardness**
 - > **Theorem:** The SES problem is strongly NP-hard
 - > **Reduction:** Multiple Knapsack Problem with Identical bin capacities